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APPLICATION NO.	LICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/707,082	11.	/20/2003	Cheng-Sheng Lee	11690-US-PA	1081
31561	7590	07/08/2005		EXAMINER	
JIANQ CH	YUN INTE	ELLECTUAL PR	PHAM, LY D		
7 FLOOR-1, ROOSEVEL		SECTION 2	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
TAIPEI, 100 TAIWAN				2827	
				DATE MAILED: 07/08/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/707,082	LEE, CHENG-SHENG					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Ly D. Pham	2827					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was a reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 No	<u>ovember 2003</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
,—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
 4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 20 November 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to, See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	·					

Art Unit: 2827

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

- 1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.
- 2. Claims 1 11 are presented for the examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1, 2, 5, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sakimura et al. (US Pat 6,885,579 B2).

Regarding **claims 1 and 7**, Sakimura et al. disclose a device for breaking a leakage current path in a memory array within a memory device (figs. 4, 9, 10, 12a, 12b, or 13) comprising:

a column selection line adapted to select a column of a memory cell within a memory array (fig. 4, line V2');

a row selection line adapted to select a row of the memory cell within the memory array (fig. 4, first power supply line 14, which is line V1); and

Art Unit: 2827

a switch device coupled to the memory cell, a power supply terminal, the column selection line and the row selection line (fig. 4, switch devices X-selector 11 and second Y-selectors 13),

wherein when the column selection line receives a column turn-off signal and the row selection line receives a row turn-off signal (exemplary memory cell 2 in a non-selected state—not addressed), the switch device is turned off so that a power provided from the power supply terminal is not coupled to the memory cell (X-selector 11 and the second Y-selector 13, which are not connected to select memory cell 2—open—no closed path for leakage current from memory cell), and when at least one of the column selection line and the row selection line does not receive at least one of the column turn-off signal the row turn-off signal (exemplary memory cell 2a in a selected state—addressed), the power provided from the power supply terminal is coupled to the memory cell (X-selector 11 connects first power supply line 14 to the selected memory cell 2a, which is also connected to line V2' by the second Y-selector 13, to supply Is to read circuit 16).

Regarding **claims 2 and 8**, Sakimura et al. also disclose the device for breaking the leakage current path of the claim 1 (col. 13, lines 23 – 37), wherein the switch device further comprises:

a first switch coupled to the memory cell, the power supply terminal and the column selection line (fig. 4, second Y-selector 13 couples to selected memory cell 2a, which couples the column selection line V2' to the corresponding column, second column from left, and also couples to receive Is from the first power supply line 14

Art Unit: 2827

through the memory cell 2a), wherein when the column selection line receives the column turn-off signal, the first switch is turned off so that the power is not coupled to the memory cell, and when the column selection line does not receive the column turn off signal, the power is coupled to the memory cell;

a second switch coupled to the memory cell, the power supply terminal and the row selection line (fig. 4, X-selector 11 couples the selected memory cell 2a to the first power supply line 14 through the corresponding row), wherein when the row selection line receives the row turn-off signal, the second switch is turned off so that the power is not coupled to the memory cell, and when the row selection line does not receive the row turn-off signal, the power is coupled to the memory cell.

As per claim 5, the method for breaking a leakage current path for a circuit having an array disclosed therein is considered inherent given the device as shown above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 4, 6, 10, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakimura et al. in view of Arimoto et al. (US Pat Pub 2003/0103368 A1).

Art Unit: 2827

Regarding **claims 4, 6, and 10**, Sakimura et al. disclose the device for breaking the leakage current path of claim 1, except wherein the column turn-off signal and the row turn-off signal are controlled by a stand-by signal. However, the feature is taught by Arimoto et al. (paragraph 0645).

Thus, it is considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to incorporate the feature shown by Arimoto et al. to the disclosure by Sakimura et al., so that current consumed by leakage-defective memory cells can be reduced).

Regarding claim 11, Arimoto et al. also disclose the memory device of claim 7, wherein the memory array comprises a DRAM array (paragraph 0036).

7. Claims 3 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakimura et al. in view of Marr (US Pat 6,707,707 B2).

Regarding claims 3 and 9, Sakimura et al. disclose the device for breaking the leakage current path of claims 2 and 8, except wherein each of the first switch and the second switch comprises a PMOS transistor or PMOSFET. However, the use of PMOS/PMOSFET as power switch has been taught by Marr (fig. 4, PMOS 82).

Therefore, it is considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to combine the feature shown by Marr to the specification disclosed by Sakimura et al., to allow signal control for high power switching purposes (col. 4, line 49 – col. 5, line 4).

Art Unit: 2827

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

7. A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 (three) months and 0 (zero) day from the date of this letter. Failure to respond within the period for response will cause the application to become abandoned (see MPEP 710.02(b)).

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ly D. Pham whose telephone number is 571-272-1793. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hoai Ho can be reached on 571-272-1777. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ly Pham 1/1
July 2, 2005

HOAI HO
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Page 6